

Madras School of Social Work

Extension Activity

A REPORT ON TULIR –NGO

Tulir in Tamil means Tender leaves of a plant.

World is in the advent of development of technology. It is not only necessary to be updated but also to be aware of the hurdled prevailing in the environment and to overcome them without any flaws.

The primary motto of social work is “to help people to help themselves” such a way an NGO named TULIR had an orientation even in colleges. The target audience is generally students on their every occasion of orientation.

The same programme was organized in 13th of September, Saturday. It started by 01:30 P.M in MSSW auditorium with a welcome address by Ms. JafrinAfsara from MSSW 1st year and Ms. Vidhya, who is part of NGO continued the session with a brief introduction and other vital information. **NO .OF VOLUNTEERS: 6**

ABOUT TULIR

TULIR centre for the prevention and healing of Child Sexual Abuse (CBHCSA) is a registered non – Governmental organization committed to working against child sexual abuse in India.

- ❖ Contrary to a widely held perception, a society’s integrity and worth is not based on whether cases of child sexual abuse exist. They do exist sadly they exist in silence due to a host of factors headed by the discomfort it generates if acknowledge. Instead TULIR – centre for the prevention and healing of child sexual abuse believes a society’s integrity is based on the acceptance of the problem and proactive steps taken to respond in a timely and appropriate way ensuring that its children may benefit from its caring and foresight, and truly have the right to feel safe all the time.
- ❖ Tulir has the audacity of hope that it will not be before long that the larger community realizes the prevalence, with the subsequent significant impact and accompanying physical, social and health costs for it to be considered a serious public health concern

which needs to be prevented and addressed.



MISSION STATEMENT:

- ❖ Prevention and healing child sexual abuse require equal parts of caring, optimism and pragmatism Tulir assumes that caring and optimism already reside within the majority of people and thus focuses on the pragmatic how to translate the abstract notions of prevention and healing into a blueprint for action.



- ❖ Prevention has increasingly gained recognition as the most prudent and cost-effective strategy for addressing child sexual abuse. The concept of personal safety education, works to allow every child the right to feel safe all the time.

OBJECTIVES:

- ❖ To support and participate in local, national and international efforts to promote and protect the rights of the child.
- ❖ To raise awareness on child sexual abuse advancing practice to prevent and address cases of child sexual abuse with a special emphasis on the psychological well-being of children.
- ❖ To provide direct intervention services in the areas of prevention and healing of child sexual abuse.
- ❖ To undertake research documentation and dissemination of information on child sexual abuse.

RESOURCES:

- ❖ A parent's practical response to child sexual abuse.
- ❖ Schools and child sexual abuse: Roles, responsibilities
- ❖ Personal safety workbooks
- ❖ Preventing and healing child sexual abuse: A bible-based Sunday school curriculum for churches.
- ❖ Doesn't every child count? : A study on the prevention prevalence and Dynamics of child sexual abuse in India (Chennai)
- ❖ ICE resources.

“The world is a dangerous place to live, not because of the people who are evil but because of the people who don't do anything about it

- Albert Einstein “

HARASSMENT

Harassment prohibits speech or action which is severe or pervasive enough to create a hostile or abusive work environment.

CAUSES OF HARASSMENT:

- Race
- Religion
- Sex
- National origin.

TYPES OF HARASSMENT:

- Discriminatory harassment
- Personal harassment
- Physical harassment
- Power harassment
- Psychological harassment
- Cyber bullying
- Retaliation.



Smart Ways To Keep Yourself Safe



BODY

You are the boss of your body. No one is allowed to hurt your body in any way.



PRIVATE BODY PARTS

The parts of your body covered by your undergarments are your very own private body parts. It is never alright for someone to touch, talk about or look at your private body parts except for health reasons. TOUCHING RULE 1



GIFTS

Sometimes people try and trick you by giving you sweets, money or gifts to break the touching rules. Refuse to do what they ask and don't take gifts they give you.



HUGS

Hugs and kisses are nice, especially from people you like. But if they make you feel scared, confused or uncomfortable, make sure you tell a grown up you trust. TOUCHING RULE 2



SECRET

Secrets about touching are not okay. Always tell your trusted adult if someone tries to break the touching rules and asks you to keep it a secret.



NO

If someone tries to break the touching rules, it is very important to learn to use this word. Use loudly: (NO)



SHOUT AND GET AWAY

Practice shouting - because that's what you need to do when someone is trying to touch you in a way which makes you feel confused, scared or uncomfortable.



TELL

If you are worried, confused or scared by the way someone touches you or makes you feel, tell a grown up you trust about it. If the person you tell doesn't help you then tell someone else. And keep on telling till you get the help you need. Some examples of grown ups you may want to tell are parents, teachers or grandparents.



IT IS NEVER YOUR FAULT

Always remember, it is never your fault when someone breaks the touching rules.



J - 33/18, 7th street, Anand Nagar East, Chennai 600010
 91-44-26572026, 43331496
www.tulir.org, tulir@tulir.org

Child Abuse Prevention Month

In 2015, one third of the population had suffered child abuse, according to statistics Canada. October is a month of awareness.



Schools and children's aid societies across Ontario are working together to encourage people to wear purple shirts on October 24.

Because of child abuse

5 children die everyday



A report of child abuse is made is every ten seconds

Most victims of child abuse know the perpetrator, and 30% of cases it was a parent, sibling, or extended family



14% of men and 36% of women in prison were abused as children

The most frequent forms of child abuse are;

Exposure to family violence.....	34%
Neglect.....	34%
Physical abuse.....	20%
Emotional abuse.....	9%
Sexual abuse.....	3%



Infographic by Becky McMullen

http://www.kids-help-ontario.ca/child-abuse-prevention-month-2015/

Kids help
phone: **1-800-
668-6868**

powered by
PIKTOCHART

SERVICES PROVIDED:

- ❖ Research and documentation:

Research and documentation projects are undertaken with an aim to expand knowledge base, advance practice and evolve better strategies within the Indian context to combat child sexual abuse.

Tulir CPHCSSA's study in 2006, conducted among 2211 school going children in Chennai, indicates a csa prevalence rate of 42% children of all socio economic groups were found to be equally vulnerable , while 48% of boys reported having been abused the prevalence rate among girls was 39% . 15% of the boys and girls were severely abused.

❖ **Resource development:**

Development and publications of booklets, posters, training guides and multimedia resources on child sexual abuse, including materials specifically designed for different stakeholders group.

❖ **Advocacy and networking:**

Since attitudinal change is only possible with information, creating and raising awareness and sensitization is a key priority of TULIR

It works towards achieving this goal by periodically organizing public awareness and sensitizations programs and campaigns and by make use of different platforms to bring the issue to the front line of public consciousness.

This includes joining with individuals, groups and organizations and networking with different professional sectors, such as law enforcements, judiciary health care and education.

Partnering with media and writing on issues to provide better and sensitive visibility to the issue to a constant effort. The quarterly newsletter of TULIR (CPHCSA) **Aawaaq** is another vehicle of advocacy and networking for spreading awareness



Section 9 to protect children from sexual offences in times of natural calamities and in other situations where children are administered in anyway any hormone or any chemical substance to attain early sexual maturity for the purpose of penetrative sexual assault.

Section 14 and 15 of POCSO act to levy fine for not destroying, deleting or reporting the pornographic material involving a child with an intention to harass or transmit it.

Amendment is proposed to be carried out in section 2,4,5,6,9,14,15,34,42 and 45.

SALIENT FEATURES:

Clear definitions and descriptions of offences

- ❖ Penetrative sexual assault
- ❖ Aggravated penetrative sexual assault
- ❖ Sexual assault
- ❖ Aggravated sexual assault
- ❖ Sexual harassment of the child
- ❖ Use of child for pornographic purposes

- There was an online poll with many questions slido.com and this helps in analyzing the perception of general public and helped to arrive at a conclusion
- Following the orientation a video was played which had a real time appeal people shares their own struggles to overcome the incidents.
- The programme ended by 03:30 P.M the end of the session was interactive with welcoming questions with lot of suggestions and solutions in return.

The programme was concluded with a vote of thanks by Ms. Nandhini and as a social work trainee would like to thanks the co-ordinator and organizer of the programme Dr. P. Amuthalakshmi for an opportunity to learnt the importance of voicing out and build a healthy mind in solving problems and bravely overcoming the situations and circumstances.
